Detailed technical papers were developed to support discussions

Seattle Children's Hospital | Pediatric Partners in Care FINANCE & ACTUARIAL BROADCAST CALL: JUNE 23, 2016

OBJECTIVES FOR THIS CALL

This call is scheduled for 60 minutes.

- 1. Data Requirements
 - a. Review preliminary data requirements
 - b. Identify MCO contacts (if other than those on call
 - Request updated data files from all MCOs (first me through May 2016)
- 2. Methodology Review
 - Review the basic payment model structure, include four main categories of measurement supporting
 - b. Review list of metrics and critical decision points of
 - Identify and confirm information MCOs will require methodologies

REMINDER: This is a draft document. Comments in this docume and revision based on input from participating MCOs and peer

This material has been prepared by Axene Health Partners, LLC Children's Hospital, and is intended solely for the use of participation with the Pediatric Partners in Care initiative. Questi document should be directed to Josh Axene at josh.axene@axe

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Data Requirements

	Requirements

Item	Com
Standard Data Layout	An Excel file is pr Process Data Re in this file are sim data analysis in a should follow the Verify that all fiel that will be unay
Covered Population	Apple Health Blir residing in King o
Claims Requirement	Claims files shoul completely adju
Time Period	Beginning with s
File Format	Pipe-delimited to medical claims,
File Names	Use the following [MCO]_Eligibility [MCO]_Medical [MCO]_Pharmac
Frequency	Quarterly, to be following quarte according to the September 1). I period (i.e. begin
Data Privacy/HIPAA	BAAs are in place files will not be a populations other described above
Method of Submission	Upload to secure

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Methodology Review

Primary Payment Model Components

Item	Comments/Questions for Review
Measurement Impact	Program Performance: Fee paid will be adjusted based on the weighted average SCH Performance in each category
	Quality: SCH will be subject to a minimum quality gate in order to be eligible for fees
Program Performance Weights	35% PMPM Savings
	20% Utilization Measures
	25% Program Metrics
	20% Patient Experience/Outcomes

Specific Methodology Items: Measuring PMPM

Item	Comments/Questions for Review
Overall approach to measuring PMPM	Measure across all MCOs Measure on a 3-year rolling basis Include medical and pharmacy claims Incorporate risk adjustment Exclude outliers Apply Medicaid trend
Establishing baseline	Baseline fime period begins at 7/1/2012
Measure across all MCOs	Reprice all MCO claims at a consistent % of Medicaid to preclude impact of individual MCO contracts and limit ability to reverse-engineer contracted rates
Measure on a 3-year rolling basis	Changes in experience will emerge at a slower rate; intent is to address low-n volatility



New data analytics were then completed and shared with MCO teams



Working document was drafted and will be finalized based on MCO consensus

DRAFT - WORKING DOCUMENT

Methodology Documentation | Pediatric Partners

in Care (PPIC) | Seattle Children's Hospital

Measurement for MCO

October 2016

Resources.....

Introduction.....

Work Completed

TECHNICAL REFERENCE: DATA SPECIFICAL
TECHNICAL REFERENCE: MEASUREMENT N

TECHNICAL REFERENCE: SCORING......

APPENDIX I: ANALYSIS OF ALL-MCO DATA

APPENDIX II: METRICS FOR JOINT DISCUSS

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Methodology | PPIC | Seattle Children's Hospital | Measurement for MCO Payment Model

TECHNICAL REFERENCE: MEASUREMENT METHODOLOGY

Measuring PMPM

For purposes of the payment of PMPM measured during th Baseline Period, adjusted as

- Baseline Period: 7/1/2 Implications: Savings of the 3-year averaging.
- Measure Across All Mo population size, the PN
- Protect Confidential In to Seattle Children's o dollars specifically for limit any ability to reve adjusted by AHP to a in progress.]
- Include Medical and I pharmacy claims date behavioral health clai programming. [Continent the late of the late of
- Incorporate Risk Adjust

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Methodology | PPIC | Seattle Children's Hospital | Measurement for MCO Payment Model

For Further Discussion

Control Group Approaches

It is generally preferable to use control group comparisons as a means of determining savings, particularly if the intent is to establish an ROI for the program. In this case, because of the nature of the target population, it is challenging to find appropriate control groups that are similarly situated in terms of demographics, geography, and health risk. Control group options are reviewed on an ongoing basis, and if such a group is identified, this methodology may be altered accordingly.

Attribution of Savings

It is reasonable to question whether savings that appear in the PMPM calculation are due to PPIC interventions as opposed to existing care management programs implemented by each MCO for their own population. Agreement on attribution of apparent savings requires discussion and consensus with care management executives, medical directors, and/or chief medical officers. If adjustments for attribution are deemed necessary and appropriate, this methodology will be adapted accordingly.

A viable option may be to build a table of expected savings associated with specific interventions in the PPIC program, based on evidence from published research. Savings may then be attributed based on the number of interventions and the



Addressing Challenges with MCO Collaboration

- Obtaining "clean" data on a timely basis extraordinary number of hours spent identifying and addressing problems with the data, with differing levels of expertise and analyst turnover
- Lack of internal MCO communication actuarial/finance contacts not necessarily up to speed on their colleagues' work, and this is one of many things they're working on
- Different communication skills among MCO contacts
- MCO contacts needed to understand commitment level
- Agreeing to methodology ≠ contractual obligation (that comes later)



We have seen multiple benefits of MCO collaboration

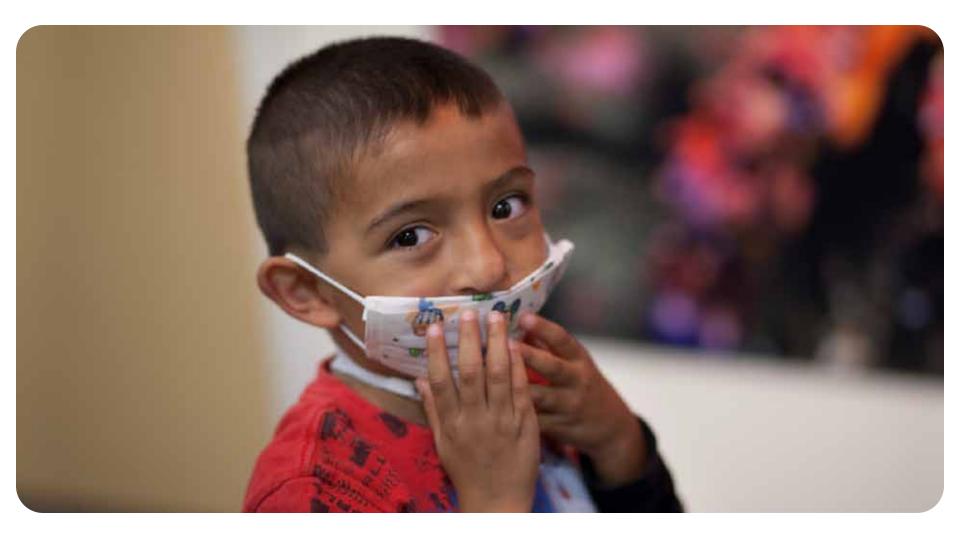
- Long-term model sustainability: input from MCOs helps to ensure acceptance beyond the grant period
- Technical expertise: peer review and recommendations for highly specialized calculations and methodologies
- Payment issues: MCO finance and actuarial leads have excellent grasp of technical issues related to payment for services
- Cooperation: Recognition of mutual commitment to the development process and the overriding goals of the PPIC program
- Setting the stage for participation in WA state "Health Homes" project



Several factors have been key to successful collaboration on the payment model

- Early buy-in from MCOs at highest executive levels (pregrant support)
- Obtaining consensus in two phases Phase 1 for the general structure, Phase 2 for the technical aspects supporting that structure
- Sharing of data analytics as early as possible to demonstrate value for MCOs and enhance their interest in the PPIC target population
- Continued and repeated communication, including recapping progress to date on every call – and not being reluctant to cancel calls if not enough progress has been made (i.e., we respect their time)
- Dedicated data contact on actuarial team
- Regular communication with PPIC leadership to convey potential emerging issues

Questions and Comments



THANK YOU!



Contact: sandy.melzer@seattlechildrens.org

Implementing Pediatric Alternative Payment Models in an Adult World

Andrew Hertz, MD, FAAP

Vice President, Rainbow Primary Care Institute Medical Director, Rainbow Care Connection Andrew.Hertz@UHhospitals.org





Objectives

- 1. Understand the role of children within a reformed healthcare delivery system
- Explore the differences between Pediatric Medicaid and Medicare ACO Models
- Review one pediatric Medicaid ACO and how it leveraged Medicare initiatives to become sustainable

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